



# Housekeeping

Please turn your video off

Please use chat box for your questions – we need lots!!

Please mute

We may ask you to unmute to ask our question directly

### Richard Patterson, BA, MBA, CEng MICE

**Chartered Civil Engineer** 

NEC Lead, Mott MacDonald NEC Advisory Services

31 Years with Mott MacDonald

24 Years with The NEC

Year with NEC
as NEC
Consultant;
member of NEC4
drafting team



14/01/2021



# **May Winfield**

Head of Commercial & Legal: Cities and Digital,

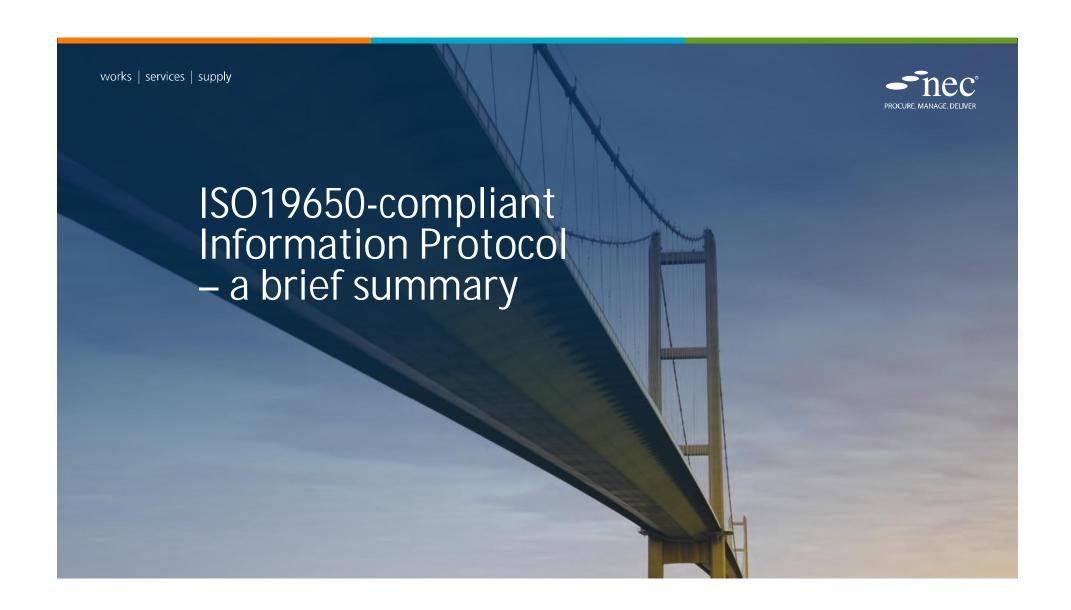
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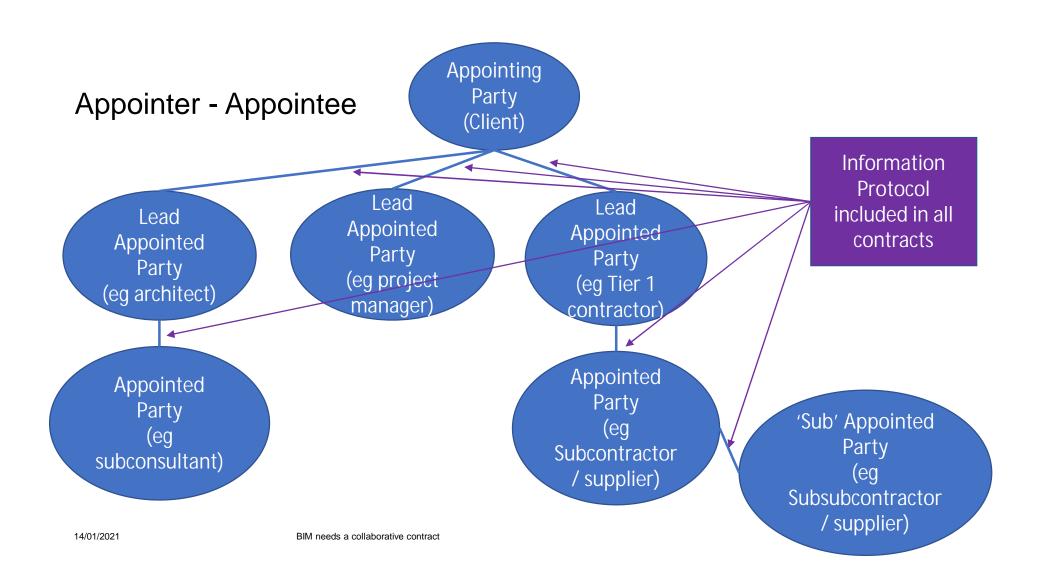
Twitter: Buildlaw\_Arttea

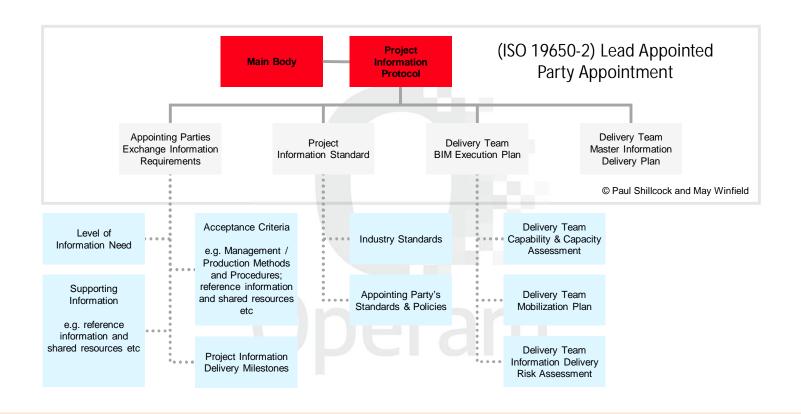
- Construction lawyer of 16+ years experience
- Specialist in BIM and construction technology
- Spoken on construction technology worldwide
- Member of ISO 19650 UK Transition Guidance Working Group
- Led drafting team of BS EN ISO19650 Guidance legal section
- Co-author of JCT 2019 Practice Note on BIM
- Co-author of ISO19650-compliant BIM Protocol
- Chair of BIM4Legal and UK BIM Alliance Ambassador

### Contents

- The ISO19650 Information Protocol
- NEC real basics
- NEC4 X10 Information Modelling
- NEC4 and the ISO Protocol
- Collaborative contracts NEC's X12 (multi-party) partnering option
- What next?







#### **Appointment Documents**

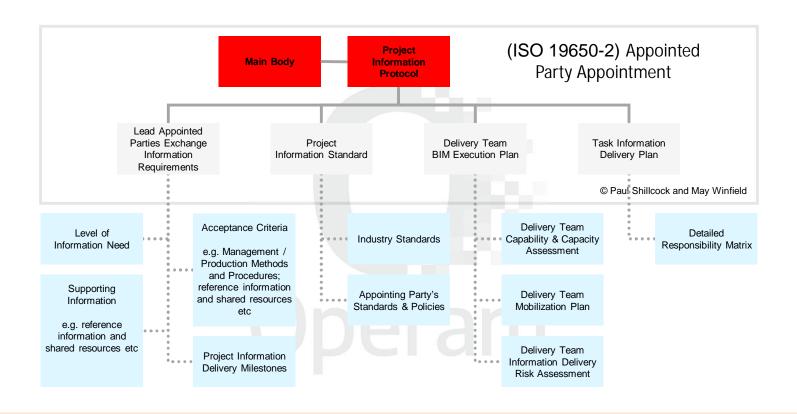
Appointment Schedules

Referenced Documents

Appended Referenced

The purpose of this diagram is to show the relationship between the various information management documents within an appointment and is not intended to be legal guidance.

Not all contracts have schedules; for example the schedules contents would be contained in NEC3/4 Z-clauses and Works Information/Scope instead. Legal advice should always be sought when preparing appointments.



### **Appointment Documents**

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# You Are:

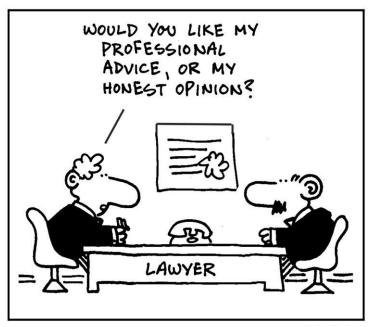
- The one doing the appointing in this agreement = Appointor
- The one being appointed in this agreement = Appointee
- Also will be an:
  - Appointing Party
  - Lead Appointed Party
  - Appointed Party





## **BIM ACCORDING TO BS EN ISO 19650**





CartoonStock.com



### Interpretation and Structure: Where to find everything

Simplifying search for definitions and documents

- Coversheet (Information Particulars)
  - Who is everyone
  - Where is everything
  - Replaces Schedules
- 13 Definitions:
  - Contractual definitions
  - ISO 19650 definitions

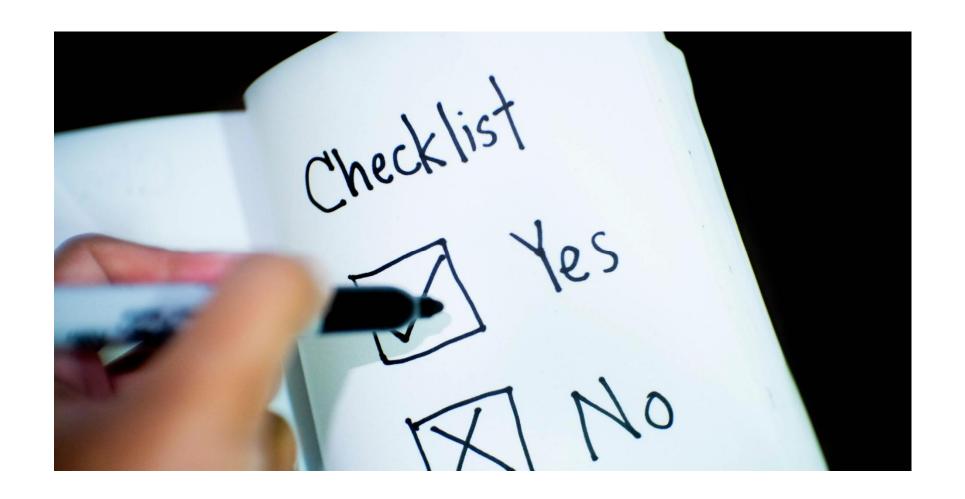


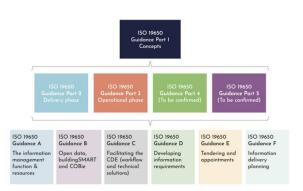


Term	Particulars
Appointment	[Describe appointment and Parties]
Appointing Party	[the Appointer] OR [Appointing Party entity]
Lead Appointed Party	[Party] OR [the Appointer] OR [Appointee]
Appointor	[Party]
Appointee	[Party]
Works	[Describe]
Level of Information Need	[Refer to document/part thereof]
Exchange Information Requirements	[Refer to document/part thereof]
BIM Execution Plan	[Refer to document/part thereof]
Project's Information Production Methods and Procedures	[Refer to document/part thereof]
Project's Information Standard	[Refer to document/part thereof]
Master Information Delivery Plan	[Refer to document/part thereof] OR (if not applicable to Appointee) [N/A]
Task Information Delivery Plan	[Refer to document/part thereof] OR (if not applicable to Appointee) [N/A]
Risk Register	[Refer to document/part thereof]
High Level Responsibility Matrix	[Refer to document/part thereof]

- Coversheet/Information Particulars
  - Fill in before and after
  - Update later (see 4.10 and 4.11)







#### 3.5.2 Master information delivery plan vs detailed responsibility matrix

The detailed responsibility matrix supports the production of the TIDPs and MIDP. It informs the scope requirements of each task team so that they can adequately define their outputs as part of their TIDP.

For example, a detailed responsibility matrix may define that the "above ground drainage" information is the responsibility of the drainage contractor but the "below ground drainage" is the responsibility of a civil engineer. This communicates to the drainage contractor that their scope is above ground drainage only. When this drainage contractor develops their TIDP to detail out the specific deliverables such as "drainage layout plans", they will be doing this just for above ground develops their TIDP to detail out the specific deliverables such as "drainage layout plans", they will be doing this just for above ground

### Information management according to BS EN ISO 19650 Guidance Part F About information delivery planning .......... ......... Published by \_\_\_ UK BIM — FRAMEWORK -

#### Retrievable information within files-based TIDP Information Container Information Container Name Description Detail of the north party All party wall interface wall at a scale of 1:20 detail Partition plan for the Plan defining partition whole first floor types and acoustic ratings Fire strategy for the first Fire strategy defining floor wall and door fire ratings, equipment and escape routes

Figure 13: Non-file-based TIDP approach

https://ukbimframework.org/standards-guidance/

#### 3.3 High level responsibility matrix contents

As part of their tender response, the prospective lood appointed aport yillers out the information deliverables they expect to fulfil in consideration of the appointing party's exchange information requirements. This ensures there is no overlap with other delivery teams and clarifies what, at high level, they expect to deliver. For example, a main contractor who is tendering for construction works, and has some contractor design portion works within their scope, needs to make it clear where their scope starts and ends, especially if there is some overlap with another lead appointed party.

The structure of the high level responsibility matrix is often determined by the agreed container breakdown structure as noted in section 3.1 but now includes the WHO.

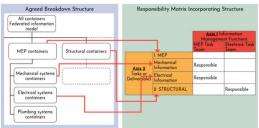


Figure 5: Example of a high-level responsibility matrix incorporating agreed breakdown structure

File-based TIDP		
Information Container Name (File ID)	Information Container Description	
HC101-SSI-ZZ-DR-A-0001	Party Wall Interface Detail	
HC101-SSI-ZZ-DR-A-0002	Partition Setting Out Plan - First Floor	
HC101-SSI-ZZ-DR-A-0003	Fire Strategy Layout - First Floor	

Figure 12: File-based-only approach to listing information containers within a TIDP

- 1 Interpretation = The legal bit
  - 2 Co-ordination and Conflicts = Coordinating information and resolving conflicting information (collaborate to resolve, unless your agreement specifies otherwise)
  - 3 Appointing Party specific obligations
  - 4 Everyone's obligations
    - Appointor or Appointee
    - 4.3 Lead Appointed Party has one extra specific duty (for the Risk Register)



### 4 OBLIGATIONS OF THE APPOINTEE AND APPOINTOR

- 4.1, 4.6 and 4.7 = Comply with the Information Particulars (e.g. Exchange Information Requirements (EIR) and BIM Execution Plan (BEP))
- 4.2 = Reasonable tests of methods and procedures
- 4.3 = Establishing and maintaining the Risk Register
- 4.4 = Task teams maintaining capability and capacity
- 4.8 = Comply with Security Management Plan
- 4.9 = Incorporate the Protocol into all contracts/appointments
- 4.10 and 4.11 = Prepare missing docs in Information Particulars/Update the docs (e.g. BEP)
- 4.12 and 4.13 = Establish and comply with the Task Information Delivery Plan(s)
- 4.14 = Comply with Information Standard and Information Particulars in generating and reviewing information



- 5 Common Data Environment (CDE)
  - Appointor or Appointee
  - 5.3 and 5.4 Appointing Party has extra duties
- 6 Management of Information
  - Appointor or Appointee
  - 6.1 Appointing Party has extra duties
  - 6.2.4(a), 6.3.2 and 6.3.4 Lead Appointed Party has extra duties
- 7 Level of Information Need = Agree one if you haven't already



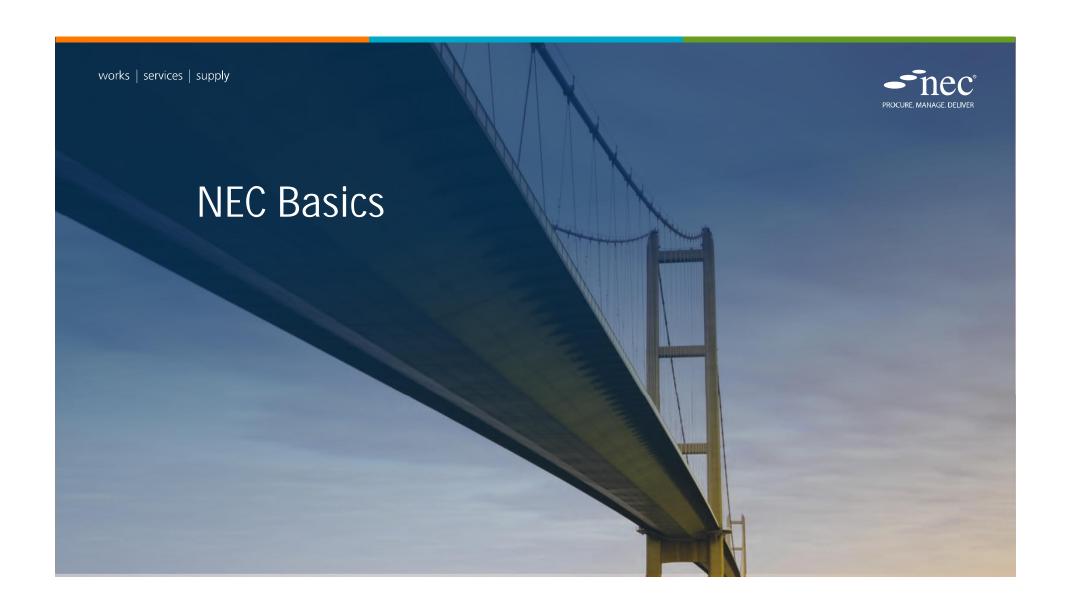
- 8 Use of Information = GDPR and copyright (unless your agreement has clauses)
- 9 Transfer of Information = Deliver necessary information to each other
  - Appointor or Appointee
  - 9.3 and 9.4 Lead Appointed Party has extra duties
- 10 Liability = Only liability for permitted Purpose of the Models, Materials, proprietary work in them
- 11 Security = Compliant with BS EN ISO 19650-5
- 12 Termination = What clauses enforceable after termination (= more legal bits)





Read the Complimentary Guidance

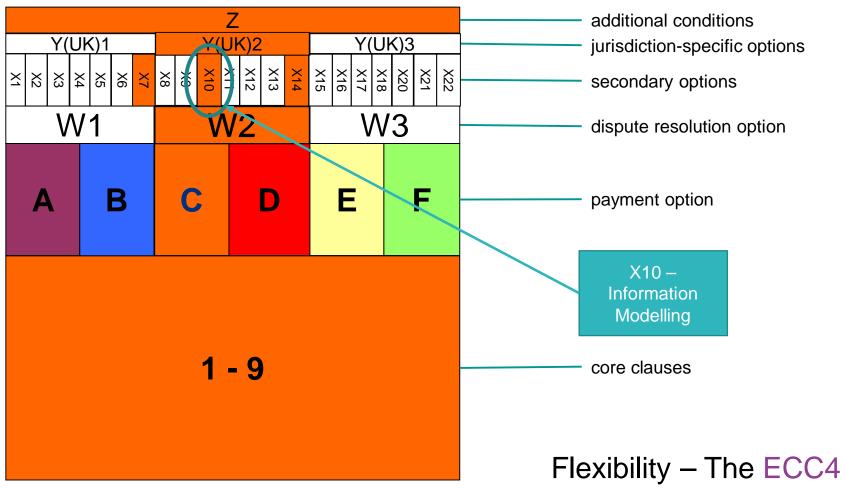
https://ukbimframework.org/standards-guidance/



# Core NEC principles



Clarity and simplicity



## Stimulus to good management – and good for collaboration

communications

Accepted Programme

early warning

compensation events

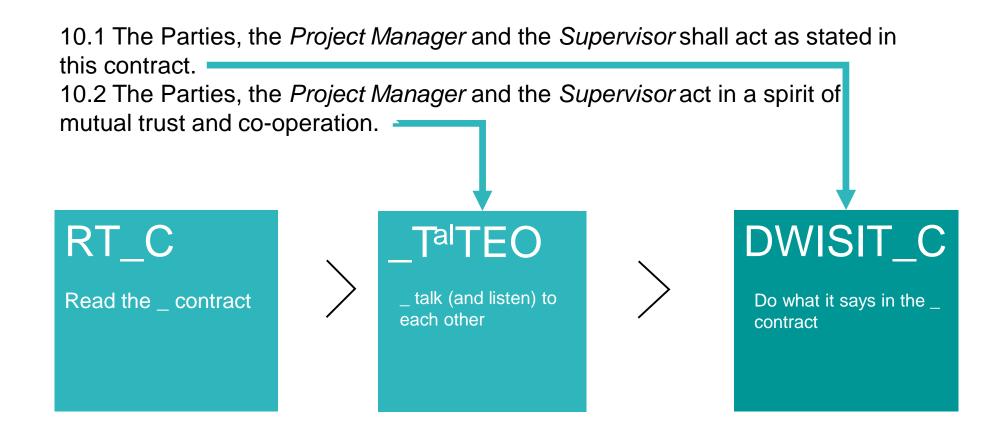
### Compensation events

(Almost) all in one place

Based on 'real' effect of event

Assess time and cost for all

Assess *forecast* now – not 'wait and see' Clear timebound process for assessment





## NEC4 X10 Information Modelling – new secondary option

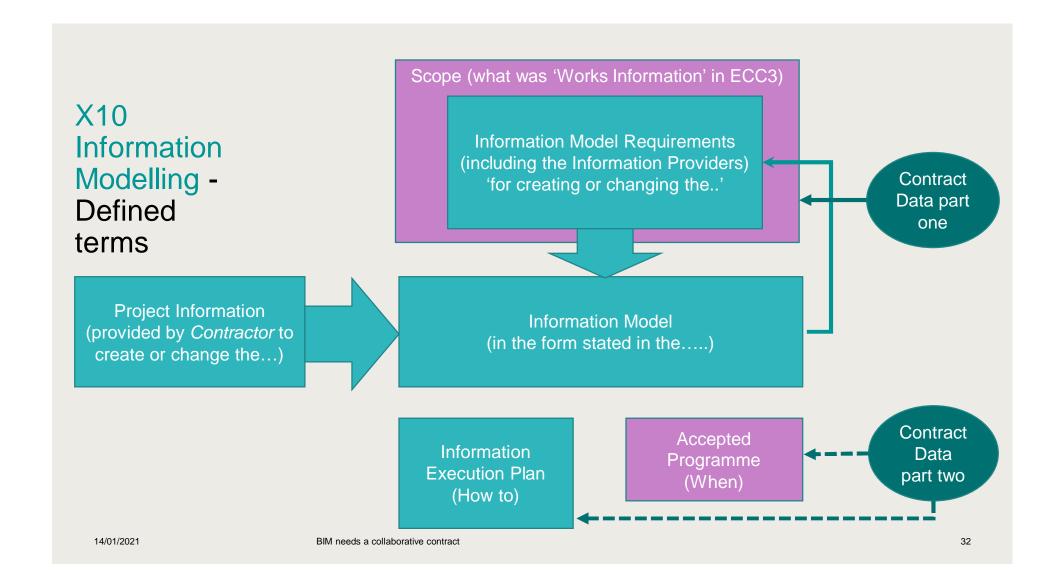
- Information Modelling = BIM
- In ECC, PSC, TSC, ECS, SC, DBOC, AC
- Different approach in DBO and Alliance Contracts
- Just 1+ page
- Designed to be <u>THE</u> protocol
- But can include other 'Protocols' and more is needed by the ISO
- X10 could be used in NEC3 and possibly even adapted for other contracts – eg FIDIC
- X12 may help.... (more later)

### CMA conversion kit:

- ECC: Engineering and Construction Contract
- PSC: Professional Services Contract
- TSC: Term Services Contract
- ECS: Engineering and Construction Subcontract
- SC: Supply Contract
- DBOC: Design Build and Operate Contract
- AC: Alliance Contract

## NEC4 X10 Information Modelling – new secondary option

- Covers contractual matters related to the creation and updating of an Information Model
- *Client ownership of:* 
  - Project Information and
  - Information Model.



### Information Model Requirements

- How the 'Contractor collaborates with other Information Providers (X10.2)
- Form in which Project Information to be submitted (X10.4(4))
- Any requirements for the Information Execution Plan (X10.4(2))
- Any limits on *Client* ownership of :
  - Information Model and
  - Contractor's rights over Project Information (X10.6)

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33

### Information Execution Plan

- The supplier's 'plan' for 'how' leave the 'when' to the programme
- Like the programme, non acceptance stops nothing!
- Altered if affected by a compensation event
- Should it be the same document for all Information Providers in the 'team' under their separate contracts? (In the ISO Protocol, each Lead Appointed Party has a plan for its team)
- If so, that could be stated in the Partnering Information in X12

### Information Execution Plan

- Like the NEC programme it can
  - come with bid and be pointed to from Contract Data Part 2, or
  - be required within X weeks of Contract Date
- Like the NEC programme
  - Contractor revises when instructed by PM or when it wants to
  - PM accepts or gives reasons for not accepting within 2 wks
  - if no response, Contractor can prompt. No response after a further week means 'treated as accepted'
- Unlike programme
  - NO standard rules on content but there are requirements in the ISO Protocol
  - NO requirement for routine update

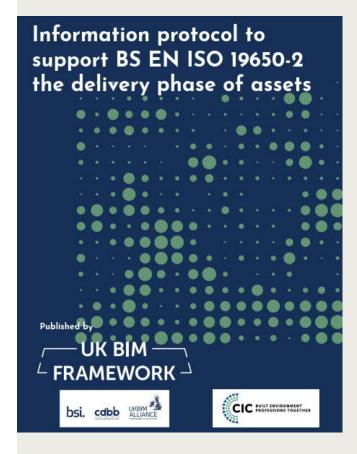
## Liability (10.7)

- Client's liabilities:
  - A fault or error in the Information Model...other than a Defect in the Project Information.
  - A fault in information provided by Information Providers other than the Contractor.
- The Contractor is not liable for a fault or error in the Project Information unless it failed ..... skill and care normally used .... See X15 and X18

#### Who does exactly what and when?

- X10 has no specific requirement or place to say who provides:
  - what (Project Information) and
  - when?
- In the ISO Protocol that might be in the 'High Level Responsibility Matrix' / 'Detailed Responsibility Matrix' / MIDP / TIDP
- With X12 then could very usefully be the same document in each contract





### The ISO Protocol

https://www.neccontract.co m/getmedia/41a62fa9-a1a3-4d57-b4c6e758b1e54a78/Practice-Note-6-ISO-BIM-Protocol.pdf

The NEC's guidance – practice note 6

https://ukbimframework.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Information-Protocol-to-support-BS-EN-ISO19650-2.pdf



NECA ECC - PRACTICE NOTE 6

How to use the Information Protocol to support BS EN ISO 19650-2 the delivery phase of assets with NEC4

#### PREPARING AN NEC4 CONTRACT

All NEC4 contracts, except the short contracts, provide for the creation or modification of an information Model in secondary Option X10, with the requirements for the model contained in the Information Model Requirements which from part of the Scope.

There are a number of protocols and guides for the creation or modification of an information model including the Information Protocol to support SS ENISO 19650-2 the delivery phase of assets (the Protocoll edition 1 published by UK BIM Framework i association with the Construction Industry Council (ICC) May 2020.

The Pintocol has been written on the basis that it could be incorporated into any contract and yellow in the expept chain and this in reflected in the imminishoy and in the Photocol. The Pintocol identifies the "Appointer" and "Appointed" who are the parties specific to the contract ("Appointment") under which the Protocol is being incorporated. The Pintocol also identifies the roles of "Appointing Pairy" and "Lead Appointed Pairy". The Appointing Pairy will be the entity that the Information Model is being created for, commonly the clean. The Lead Appointed Pairy will be an entity entity aged by the Appointing Pairy to invarige the impair of a last is time for sample a more created resolution. The properties of the Appointing Pairy to invarige the level of the September of the Appointing of the Pair September of the Pair September of the Appointing and the Pair appointing the Lead Appointing on the number of "Delivery Young" Involved in the project.

Putting these roles into an NEC context using a traditional contract arrangement where a client engages a lead consultant to design the works under a PSC, and a main contractor to construct the works under an ECC, the Parties would fulfill the roles in the Protocol as follows:

- . 1957
  - Chenr Appointing Party
- Consultant Lead Appointed Party (would be the Appointor under a PSS)
- Subcontractor appointed party (would be the Appointee under a PSS and the
- \* ECC
- Client Appointing Par
- Contractor Lead Appointed Party (would be the Appointor under an ECS)
- Subcontractor appointed party (would be the Appointee under an ECS and the Appointer in any further subcontract)

Each Load Appointed Parry will be responsible for a Delivery Team comprising those subcontractors or suppliers it appoints and who contribute to the Information Model. (see BS ENISO 19850-2018 for further details of the Interfaces between parties and teams for the purpose of information management).

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epaing at Engineering and Construction Contract

#### NEC Practice Note – Model Scope entry

'The "Protocol" is the Information Protocol to support BS EN ISO19650 – 2, edition 1 published by UK BIM Framework in association with the Construction Industry Council (CIC) dated May 2020.

The *Client* and the *Contractor* comply with the Protocol.

(Modify to suit contract – Consultant? Subcontractor?)

The Information Model Requirements are ..... [identify those documents that will form part of the Information Model Requirements – see guidance notes for further details.]

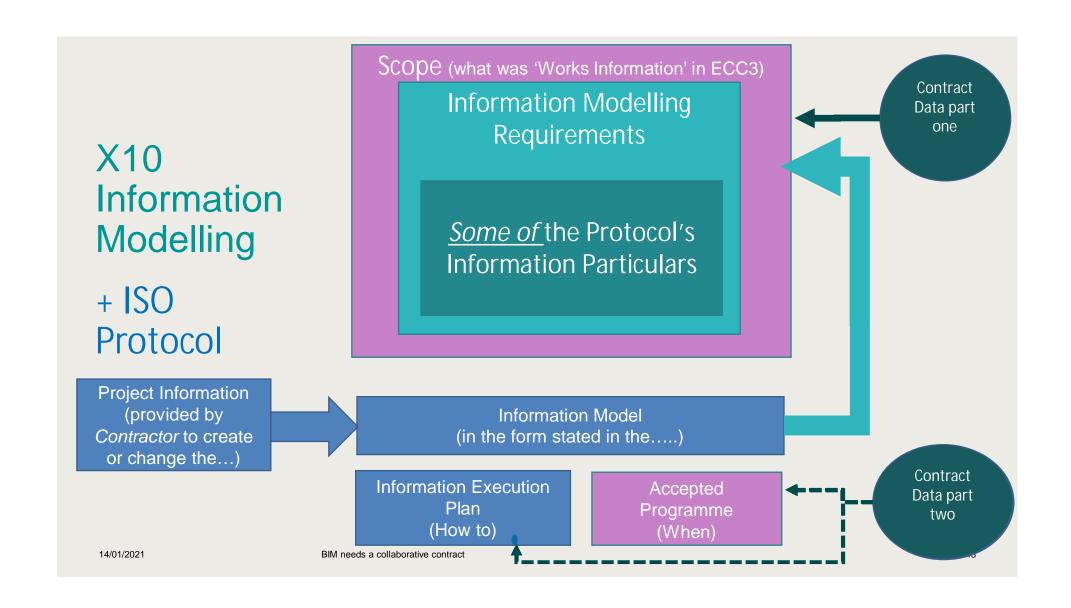
The following terms in the Protocol mean the equivalent term given in the contract.

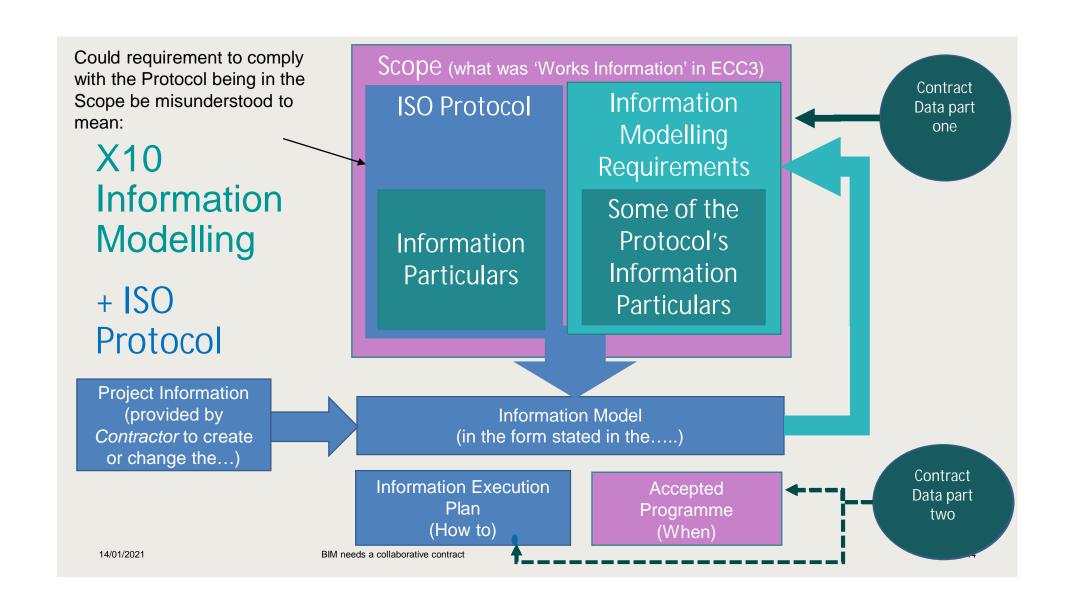
TERM IN THE PROTOCOL	EQUIVALENT TERM IN THE ECC
Material	Project Information (if provided by the Contractor)
Federated Information Model	Information Model
Lead Appointed Party, Appointor(s), Appointee(s)	Information Providers
BIM Execution Plan	Information Execution Plan
Works	works

Any notice, instruction or acceptance to be given by the Appointor is given by the *Project Manager*. (Modify to suit – *Contractor* (ECS), Service Manager (PSC))

#### Stitching together....

- Need to ensure the 'Information Particulars' addresses all the things that X10 says the Information Requirements must cover:
  - How the 'Contractor collaborates with other Information Providers (X10.2)
  - Form in which Project Information to be submitted (X10.4(4))
  - Any requirements for the Information Execution Plan (X10.4(2))
  - Any limits on *Client* ownership of :
    - Information Model and
    - Contractor's rights over Project Information (X10.6)





#### ISO Information Particulars 13.15

- Information Particulars means the front page of this Protocol....:
  - Level of Information Need
  - Exchange Information Requirements
  - BIM Execution Plan
  - Project's Information Production
  - Methods and Procedures
  - Project's Information Standard
  - Master Information Delivery Plan
  - Task Information Delivery Plan
  - Risk Register
  - High Level Responsibility Matrix
  - Mobilization Plan
  - Security Management Plan

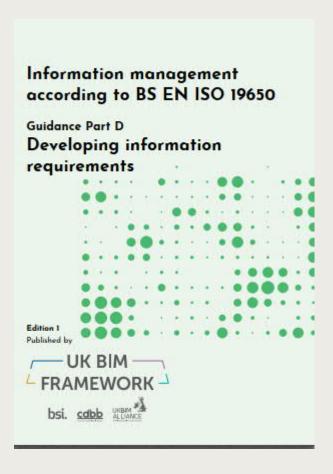
Red = normally from the client

Black = normally from the 'supplier'

Green = ISO requirement but odd for NEC

The appropriate contents for the Information Particulars may be different along the supply chain on the same project.

If included, then a change in the document will cause a compensation event



### Should be useful!

#### Information Execution Plan (the BIM Execution Plan in the Protocol)

- is from the supply side
- cannot be unilaterally changed by the PM
- so should not really be part of the Scope
- The plan is treated in X10 as a separate document
- We need to be clear that a change in it should not cause a compensation event

#### Time – linking the Protocol to the Contract

- 4.6 'Subject to any events or circumstances which entitle the Parties to an extension of time and/or additional costs under the Appointment..... require them to share and/or publish at the times stated in the Information Particulars.
- The Client may want a clear remedy for lateness of certain information especially if it is making promises to a third party

#### Time – linking the ISO Protocol to the Contract

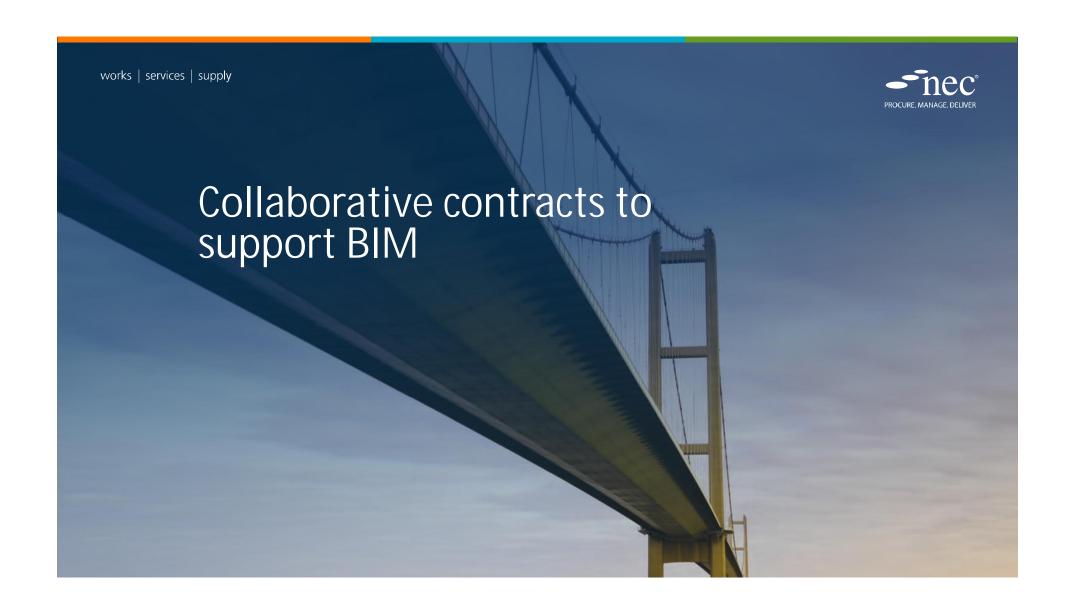
- Time requirements need to be 'in a place' recognised by the contract
- Important elements and dates in the Protocol's High Level Responsibility Matrix might be 'pointed to' as NEC 'conditions' and 'key dates' in the Contract Data part one
- And/but review the 25.3 'remedy' for lateness

#### Risk Register

- ISO Protocol 4.3: 'The Lead Appointed Party shall establish and maintain the Delivery Team's Risk Register.'
- 13.31 'Risk Register means a risk register containing the risks associated with the timely delivery of information as may be identified in the Information Particulars and/or provided in accordance with the Information Standard.'
- Risk Register will be a common document across contracts
- Need to make sure that a change in the Risk Register does not cause a compensation event
- Keep the NEC3 Risk Register / NEC4 Early Warning Register separate as there is one for each contract.

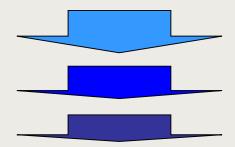
RP1

RP1 Richard Patterson, 23/09/2020



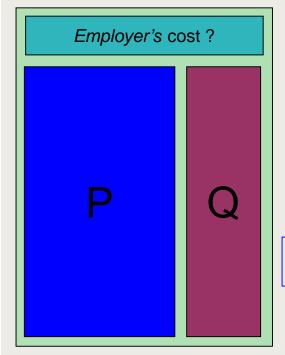
## It's clear we need a collaborative contract to support BIM. How collaborative?

- Project Partnering Contract (PPC) 2000? a multiparty contract
- All NEC contracts
  - 'spirit of mutual trust and collaboration' (Cl 10.1)
  - clarity
  - communication
  - programme
  - early warning
  - compensation events
  - KPIs (X20)
- Target cost options (options C or D)
  - 'Open book' and incentive for 'buyer' to collaborate
- Option X22 Early Contractor Involvement
- Option X12 Multi-party collaboration'
- NEC Alliance Contract (2017) all sign up to single contract



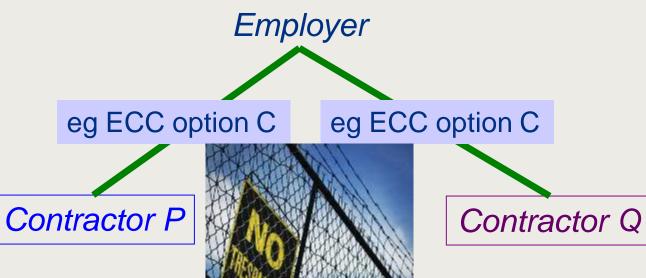
#### Contracts set up fences

Eg total forecast project cost



Employer incentivised to collaborate with P and Q but.....

.....sometimes the line becomes a fence



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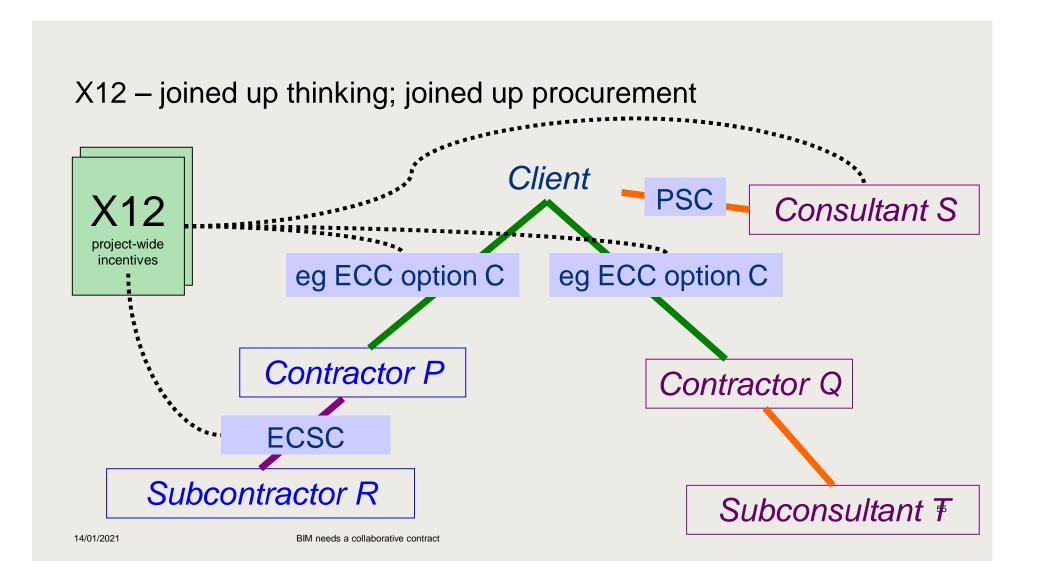
53

#### NEC Option X12 Multi-party collaboration

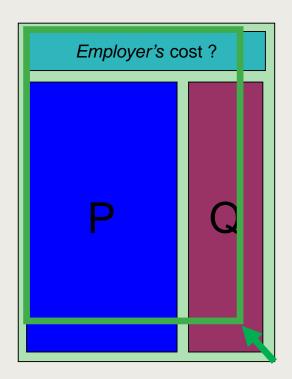
- Like the Protocol, same words in each contract
- Multiple bi-party contracts, each with the same X12
- NOT a multiparty contract
- X12 brings:
  - Client's objective
  - Core Group
  - Partnering Information
  - Schedule of Partners including
    - project wide incentives

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54

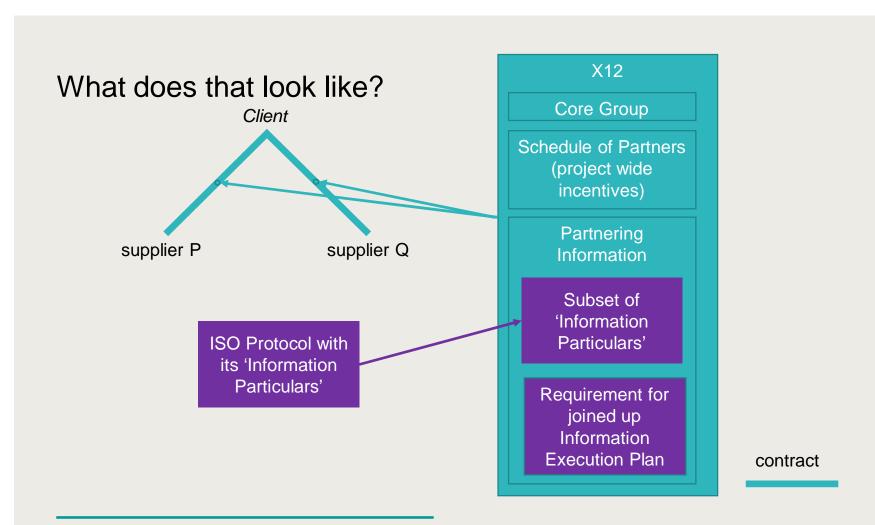


#### Eg an incentive could be to bring down overall project cost



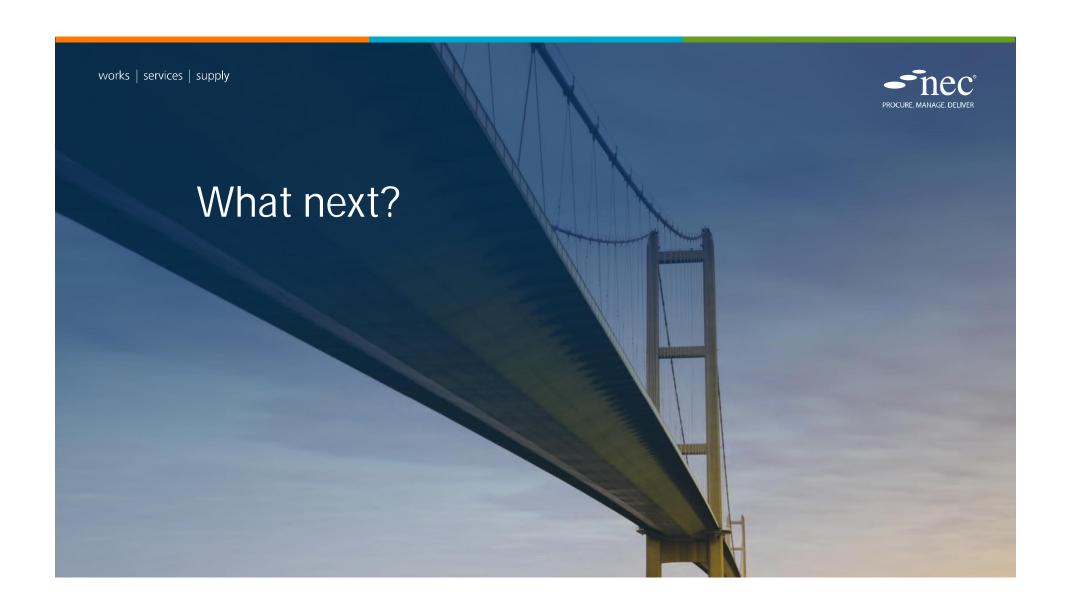
#### X10 and X12 together?

- Scope entry for ISO Protocol instead in X12's 'Partnering Information' and so explicitly the same in the contracts of all Project Team Members
- Partnering Information to perhaps require 'joined up' Information Execution Plan
- Carefully design the X12 joint 'Key Performance Indicators' to drive the collaboration required by BIM



#### X10 with no Protocol? From the NEC practice note:

- NEC4 contracts contain secondary Option X10, which has been designed to work on a protocol independent basis.
   That is, there is no requirement to include a particular protocol such as the Protocol;
- the requirements for information modelling can all be included in the Client's Information Model Requirements ...and the Contractor's Information Execution Plan. The Protocol includes a number of other provisions and mechanisms which users may wish to build into their Information Model Requirements.



#### Going forward

- 'Digital Build Britain'
- More on whole life cost and facilities management
- More 'design build operate' contracts?
  - NEC4 DBO contract
- Must surely be more multiparty contracts?
  - 'Construction Excellence Project Team Agreement'
  - PPC 2000
  - NEC Alliance Contract

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61

#### Moving forward...

- The only way you can go forward on serious BIM levels is some sort of alliancing'
- (interviewee for Winfield Rock Report)
- X12 or even the NEC4 Alliance Contract, April 2018



#### See also - BIM

- UK BIM Framework, https://ukbimframework.org/
- UK BIM Alliance, https://www.ukbimalliance.org/
- Enabling BIM through Contracts and Procurement, Kings College London, www.kcl.sc.uk/law/research/centres/construction/enablingbim/ebimtpac-form.aspx
- Winfield Rock Report, Feb 2018, UK BIM Alliance with excellent bibliography
- B1M, https://www.theb1m.com/about

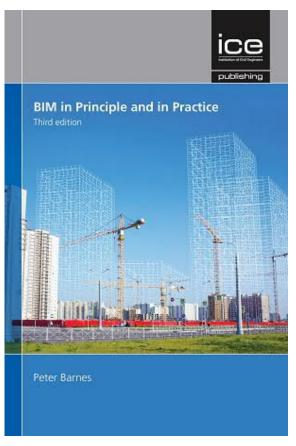
#### Perhaps join 'BIM4Legal'?

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#### Summary

- It's all moving as we learn
- You now know more about NEC and BIM than most in the industry!
- Tell us how you have made it work!





#### BIM in Principle and in Practice, Third edition

- Includes core concepts, benefits of using BIM, examples of BIM in practice, design liability, ownership, collaboration and contracts.
- "BIM users will benefit having this book for reference and consideration of current legal complexities and technological limits", recommends Paula McMahon, Sir Robert McAlpine, UK.

You can order from ICE Publishing Print book: www.icebookshop.com eBook: www.icevirtuallibrary.com



# Thank you



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